Oral Health & Economic Welfare: A Two-Way Street?

Burton L. Edelstein DDS MPH

Professor Emeritus, Columbia University

Jill Boylston Herndon PhD

Principal, Key Analytics and Consulting

The Future Oral Health Workforce Project



1. March 14, 2024: Project Kick-Off

2. April 22, 2024: Oral Health 101

3. April 25, 2024: Opportunities for Prevention and Intervention

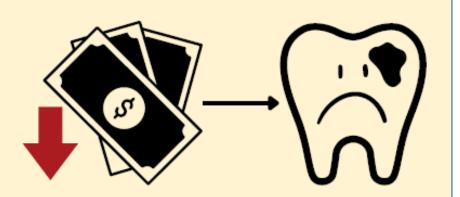
4. May 9, 2024: Oral Health and Economic Welfare: A Two-Way Street?

5. May 14, 2024: Increasing Access to Dental Medicaid: Case Study from Missouri

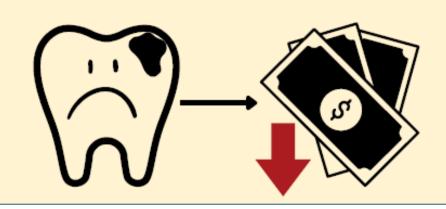
6. May 20, 2024: Oral Health Needs Assessment for New York State

https://scaany.org/oral-health/oral-health-workforce/

It is known that **poor economic circumstances are associated** with
poorer oral health.



But can poor oral health lead to poor economic circumstances?



The Mouth – Why the mouth matters!

An organ of

- Chewing and swallowing
- Digestion
- Respiration
- Speaking
- Protection
- Sensation

Home to unique structures

- Teeth and pulp
- Occlusion
- Periodontium
- Tongue
- Salivary glands
- TMJ



The Mouth – Why oral health matters!

Untreated oral disease can affect

Appetite

Ability to eat

Nutrition

Periodontitis and dental caries lead to

Pain

Impaired sleep

Impaired academic performance

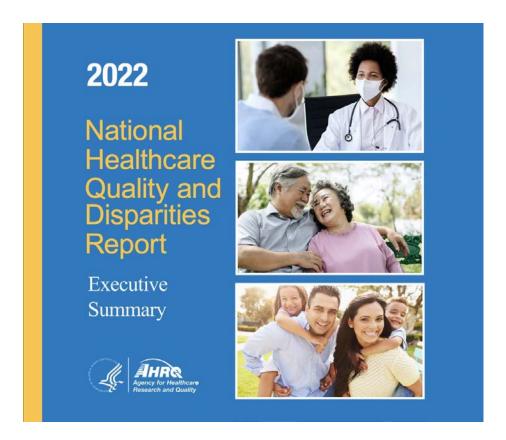
Missed school and workdays

Decreased employability

Dental infections lead to

Abscess

Sepsis



Systemic Health

Poor oral health may also be associated with other chronic diseases, such as diabetes and heart-related conditions

Income and Oral Health



Nationally and Internationally, Low-Income is Associated with:

Dental Caries

Periodontal Disease

Tooth Loss

Oral Cancer

Traumatic Dental Injuries

Poor Oral Health-Related Quality of Life

Data Sources on oral health disparities

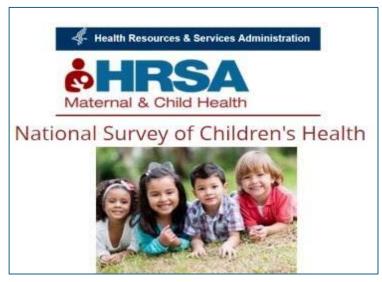
Federal Agencies addressing oral health disparities

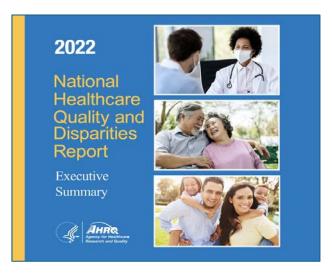
- CDC
- HRSA
- NIH
- AHRQ

Interactive databases

- https://health.gov/healthypeople/ob jectives-and-data/browseobjectives/oral-conditions
- https://www.nschdata.org/

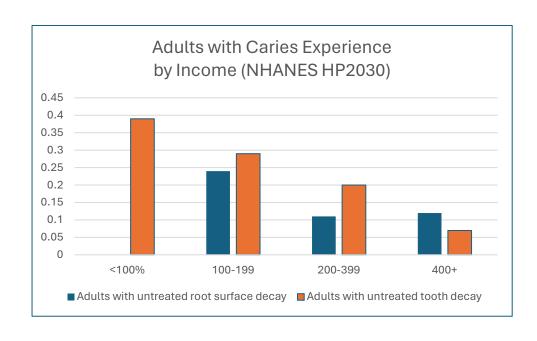


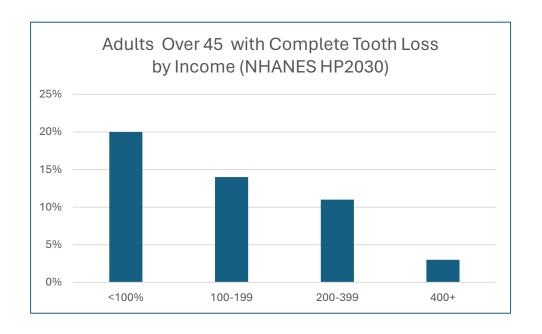






Income and Adult Oral Health





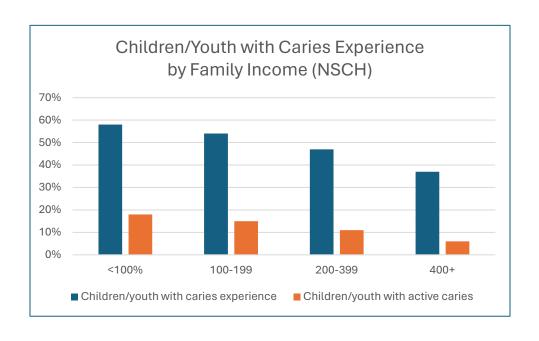
Take-homes

- Stairstep prevalence by income
 - Untreated tooth decay: any type
 - Untreated tooth decay: root surface

Take-homes

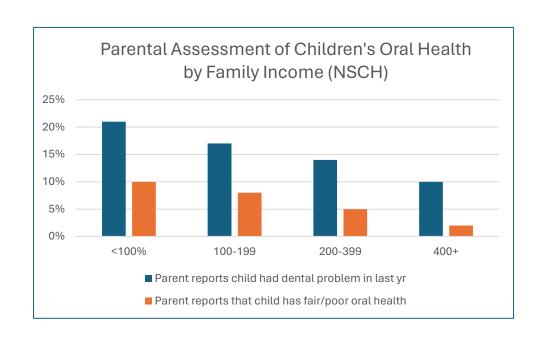
- Stairstep prevalence by income
 - Complete tooth loss

Income and Child Oral Health





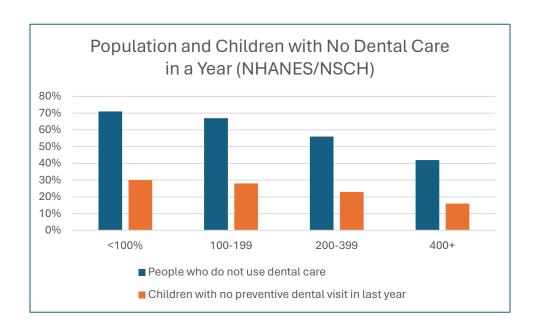
- Stairstep prevalence by income
 - Caries experience at any time
 - Current caries activity



Take-homes

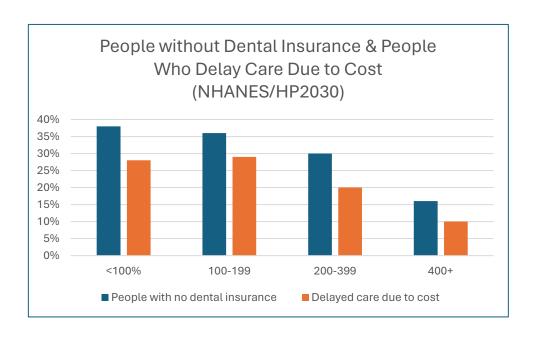
- Stairstep prevalence by income
 - Parent assessment of their children's oral health

Income and Dental Care



Take-homes

- Stairstep prevalence by income
 - Lack of any dental care in a year all ages
 - Lack of child preventive care in a year



Take-homes

- Stairstep prevalence by income
 - People without dental insurance
 - People who delay dental care due to cost

Early Childhood

(oversimplified)

Shorthand

In the US, children under age six in poor families have...

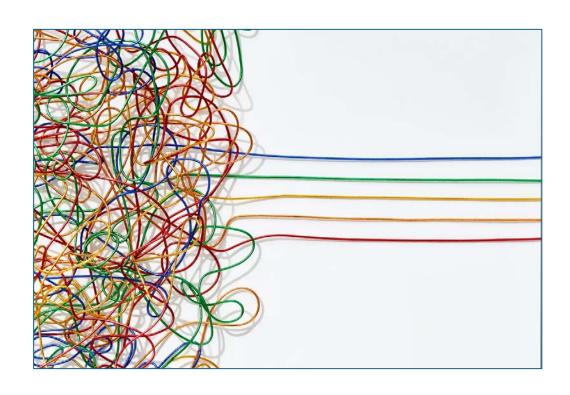
- Twice the odds of have caries
- Twice the extent of caries
- Twice the odds of having untreated caries
- Twice the experience of pain and infection from caries

But...

Half the odds of having a dental visit



Let's not oversimplify human complexity



Income is a **proxy** for social standing

Social standing also involves

Income

Race

Ethnicity

Education

Culture

Geography

Demography

To develop program and policy interventions, better studies are needed based on:

Theoretical and methodologic advances in social epidemiology Intersectionality framework Improved reporting and tracking Causal modeling

More data exploration on your own



Explore by oral health condition by...

- State or Region
- Age
- Sex
- Race
- Ethnicity
- Parent nativity
- Primary household language
- Family structure
- Household income
- Parent education
- Parent military status
- Special needs
- Mental/emotional needs
- Family resilience
- Adverse childhood experiences
- Medical home
- Insurance status

Recall: Social standing is complex – more than income

Example: Dental Problem -- toothache, bleeding, cavities etc -- in last year among US children:

Income: 21% poor, 10% affluent

Race/ethnicity: 17% Hispanic, 15% Black, 13% White

Parent nativity: 17% Foreign-born, 13% US-born

Parent education: 21% less than HS,11% College degree

Parent language: 20% non-English, 13% English

Family structure: 18% 1parent/grandparent, 12% 2-parent

Special needs: 16% yes, 13% no

Medical home: 15% no, 13% yes

Insurance: 20% no, 14% yes

Type of Insurance: 20% Public, 11% private

Grandma's Advice

"It's OK to be Rich"
"It's OK to be Poor"
"It's Better to Be Rich"

Even within poverty, there are socioeconomic gradients in oral health and dental care

Conclusions: Within an inner city area of poverty, the greater a census tract's socioeconomic risks to health, the greater the odds that children over age five experience caries and the lesser their odds of having dental sealants. While associations between SES and oral health outcomes across the full spectrum of SES have been recognized, this study suggests that within lower SES areas, SES-associated gradients exist in children's oral health.

J Public Health Dent . ISSN 0022-4006

Small-area socioeconomic status and children's oral health in a safety-net care delivery setting

Marcie S. Rubin, DrPH, MPH, MPA¹; Sean A. P. Clouston, PhD²; Burton L. Edelstein, DDS, MPH³



Poor Economic Circumstances ARE Associated with Poor Oral Health

What about the reverse?

It is known that **poor** economic circumstances **are associated** with poorer oral health. But can poor oral health lead to poor economic circumstances?

Why we cared

Study was an outgrowth of work conducted by the Children's Dental Health Project.



- CDHP wanted to understand how improving oral health contributed to economic success.
- Demonstrating a linkage between oral health and economic success helps to make the case for integrating oral health as part of multi-pronged strategies aiming to improve economic well-being
 - Job training
 - Child care
 - Poverty reduction
 - Homelessness
 - Mental health

How we addressed

Scoping Review

Synthesize "what do we know?"

 Identify "what do we still need to learn?"



Public Health Dentistry



Received: 30 June 2023

Revised: 7 November 2023

Accepted: 25 November 2023

DOI: 10.1111/jphd.12599

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

A scoping review of the economic impact of family oral health: Implications for public health, research, and policy

Jill Boylston Herndon PhD¹ | Marcie S. Rubin DrPH, MPH, MPA² | Colin Reusch MPA³ | Burton L. Edelstein DDS, MPH⁴

¹Key Analytics and Consulting, LLC, Sarasota, Florida, USA

²Division of Socio-Behavioral Sciences, College of Dental Medicine, Columbia University, New York, New York, USA

Abstract

Objectives: To summarize evidence on the impact of oral health on individual and family economic outcomes, describe trends in the literature, and identify areas for additional research to inform public health research and practice.

What we asked: study questions

Does oral health impact employment or employability?





9 studies

Does oral health impact earnings or earning potential?



Does child oral health impact parent employment or missed work?



19 studies

Does oral health impact household finances?



3 studies

What we did: methods

Identification:

Searches conducted within 6 databases: PubMed, CINAHL, EconLit, Cochrane Library, PsycInfo, and Web of Science



2,758 initial records on this topic



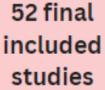
Abstract Review



Full Article Review



Data abstraction



Eligibility:

- 1. oral health predictors
- 2. economic outcomes
- 3. statistical tests of association



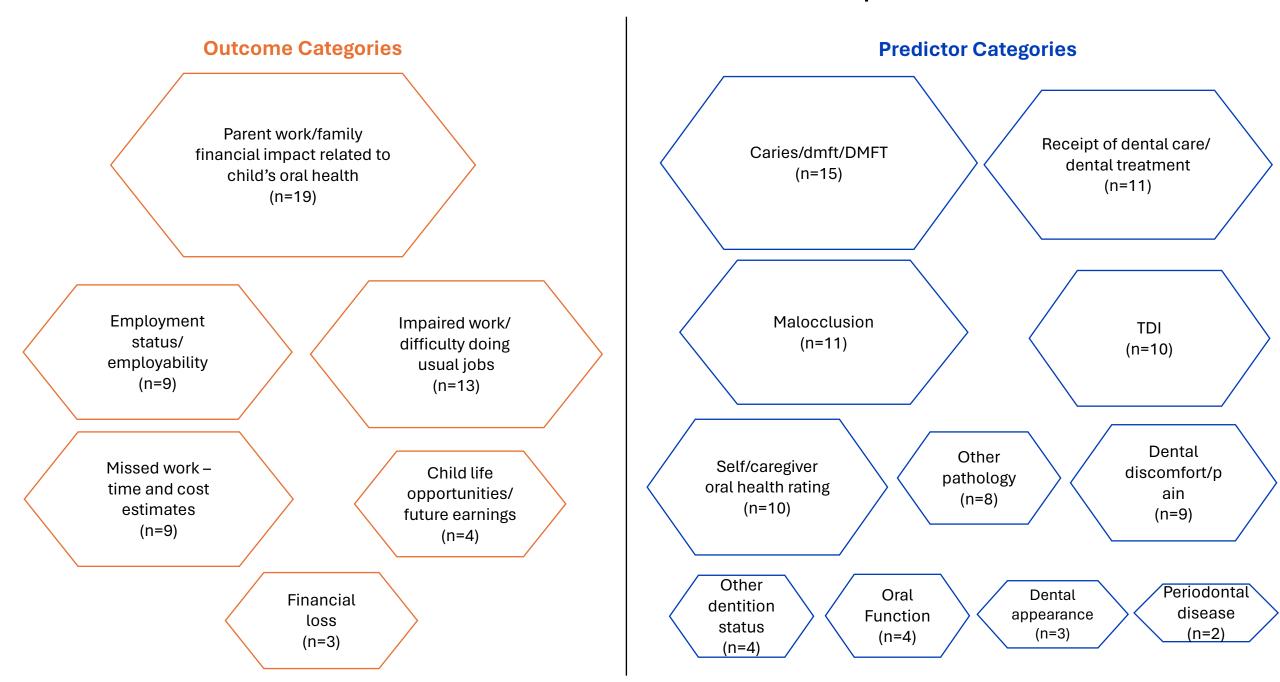
Selection:

52 studies were mapped to 4 economic outcomes.





What we found: economic outcomes & oral health predictors examined



What we concluded (with some cautions):

Does Poor Oral Health Impact Your Economic Circumstances?

YES!



Dental caries variables are the **most common predictors** of poorer economic outcomes.



Dental pain and poor selfreported oral health status are also associated with adverse economic outcomes.



Interventions to improve oral health are significantly associated with employment.

More on this:



Interventions to improve oral health **are significantly** associated with employment.

Comprehensive oral care improves treatment outcomes in male and female patients with high-severity and chronic substance use disorders

Huong Meeks, PhD • Bryan Trump, DDS, MS • Show all authors



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Journal of Dental Research



Impact Factor: 7.6



Restricted access Other First published January 2006

Welfare Dental Intervention Improves Employment and Quality of Life

S. Hyde M.A. Satariano, and J.A. Weintraub View all authors and affiliations

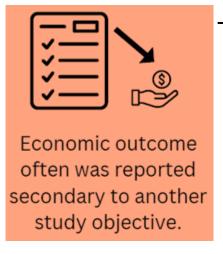
https://doi.org/10.1177/154405910608500114 Volume 85, Issue 1

Evaluating the Impact of Dental Care on Housing Intervention Program Outcomes Among Homeless Veterans

Elizabeth Nunez DMD MST, Gretchen Gibson DDS, MPH, Judith A. Jones DDS, DScD, MPH, and John A. Schinka PhD

Back to the cautions: study characteristics

... and how we can improve the evidence

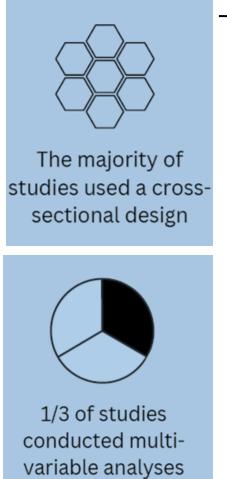




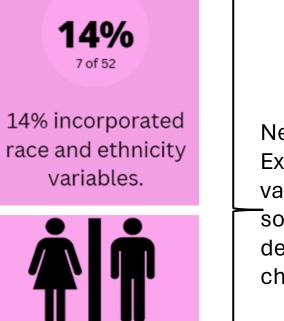
of oral health on

earnings.

Need: More studies with primary objective to examine economic impacts of oral health



Need: More rigorous analytic approaches



31% of studies

incorporated

sex into

their models

Need:
Examine
variation by
social and
demographic
characteristics

Acknowledgements

Children's Dental Health Project

Meg Booth, former Executive Director

Our Amazing Co-Authors!

- Marcie Rubin
- Colin Reusch

Infographics

Bree Zhang

Article citation

Herndon JB, Rubin MS, Reusch C, Edelstein BL. A scoping review of the economic impact of family oral health: Implications for public health, research, and policy. *J Public Health Dent*. 2024; 84(1): 43–99.

https://doi.org/10.1111/jphd.12599

Thank you!